May 20th 2025 Syracuse, NY

raising the future



Offsite, Sustainable, Climate-Resilient Building Strategies Session 2: Logistics and Quality Assurance

Practical considerations pulled from real-world experience

PRESENTED BY





Meet the Panelists

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Can these homes meet Habitat's Design Criteria?

Minimum requirements for new Habitat home quality assurance

Accessibility Standards

- Accessible exterior entrance: Home must include at least one no-step accessible entrance from an adaptably accessible route.
- Accessible interior doorways: All main floor interior passage doorways must have a 34" minimum net clear opening when the door is fully opened.
- Accessible hallways: Main floor hallways with doors must be at least 42" wide (finish measurement), and main floor hallways without doors must be at least 40" wide (finish measurement). Staircases between living spaces must be at least 40" wide (finish measurement).
- Accessible kitchen / bathrooms: Main floor must include work path access to at minimum a half-bath which includes either a 5' turning circle or 30"x48" clear space access to sink and toilet. Maintain minimum 36" clear travel and work paths in kitchen.

Mission-Aligned Design Standards

- Maximum home sizes: The living space provided (excluding stairwells and exterior storage) should not exceed:
 - For a studio / 1-bedroom: no larger than 600 sq ft; no more than 1 full bathroom.
 - For a 2-bedroom: no larger than 1,000 sq ft; no more than 1.5 bathrooms.
 - For a 3-bedroom: no larger than 1,200 sq ft; no more than 2 full bathrooms.
 - For a 4-bedroom: no larger than 1,400 sq ft; no more than 2 full bathrooms.
 - For a 5-bedroom: no larger than 1,700 sq ft; no more than 2.5 bathrooms.
- Garages / carports: Affiliates must not include garages or carports with new homes unless required by local ordinance or as will provide tangible improvements to residents' health and safety.

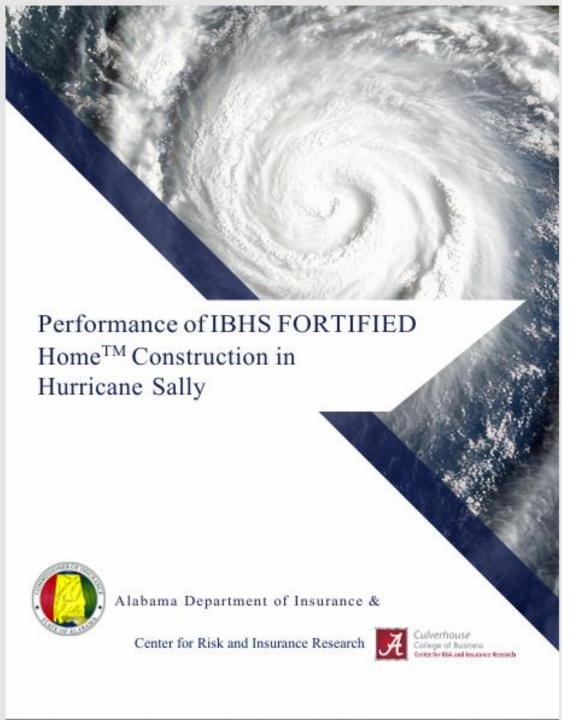
Sustainability Standards

- ENERGY STAR and Indoor airPLUS: All new Habitat homes must be certified through the current ENERGY STAR® certified new home and Indoor airPLUS program applicable to the state where each home is constructed. Review the Sustainability Standards for hardship exemptions and equivalent programs.
- Air handling systems: Air handling units must be located in conditioned space. Air ducts must either be in conditioned space or be optimized through air-sealing and insulation.
- Plumbing fixture efficiency: Provide WaterSense-labelled toilets, showerheads and bathroom faucets.

Durability Standards

- Applicable building code: The minimum structural durability standard for all new homes must be one of the two most current IRC code releases. Elements of the structural design which do not meet prescriptive requirements of the applicable IRC must have an alternate design provided and/or approved by a licensed architect or engineer.
- Code plus programs: All applicable code-plus measures must be based on industryrecognized program standards.
- Permanent foundations: New homes must be constructed on permanent foundations designed for regional and local conditions. Foundations must be designed for sitespecific conditions to include waterproofing, insulation, and soil gas barrier (in radon zones 1 and 2).
- Climate hazard mitigation: Determine the climatic and seismic hazards for your affiliate's service area and build sites and provide adequate construction solutions to mitigate these risks.
- Material durability: Product selection must be based on durability rating, quality of warranty, and affordability. Prioritize impacts on indoor air quality (IAQ) and interior moisture management as part of HVAC system and interior material selections.





Hurricane Sally was the nation's first hurricane to strike an area with a large sample size of FORTIFIED homes, providing an important opportunity to compare construction methods and outcomes in the face of a category 2 storm.

It found FORTIFIED homes suffered significantly less damage and required fewer insurance claims than homes built through standard construction methods when Hurricane Sally made landfall at Gulf Shores, Alabama, as a strong Category 2 storm in September 2020.

The FORTIFIED homes also fared better than homes built to municipal building codes with identical criteria but without the documentation and evaluation FORTIFIED requires for designation. While the study did not examine the cause, it is likely the robust evaluation process required to receive the IBHS FORTIFIED designation plays a factor.

The study estimates that insurers would have saved \$105.6 million in losses if all homes in the storm's path had been built or retrofitted to the FORTIFIED Roof standard. Insurers would have saved \$116.1 million if the homes had been built to the FORTIFIED Home—Gold standard which adds in protection from damage typically caused by more intense storms.

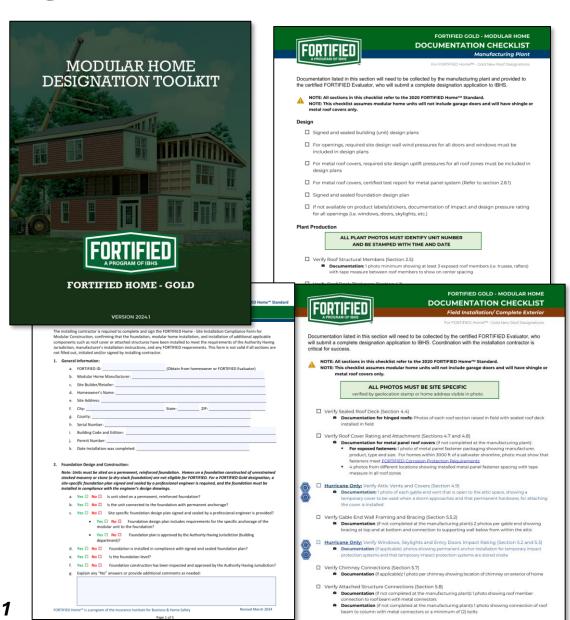
Performance of IBHS FORTIFIED Home™ Construction in Hurricane Sally

May 5, 2025

IBHS FORTIFIED Modular Home Designation Toolkit

Includes:

- Designation process for modular homes
- Roles & responsibilities for Certified FORTIFIED Evaluator, installing contractor, and factory
- Step-by-step requirements for design, in-plant QA/QC process, and site installation
- Documentation checklists for factory and installing contractor
- Site installation compliance form





Transportation: Can these be delivered to remote rural locations?



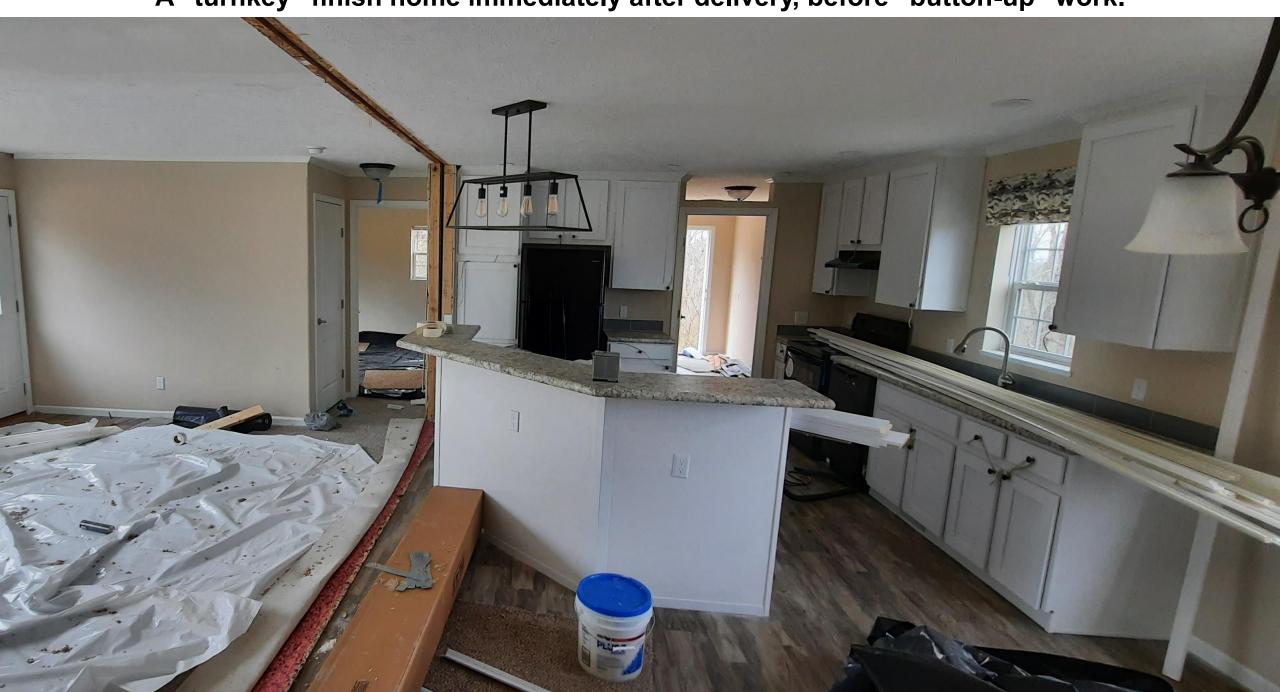
Foundations: Can these go on full basements?



Installation: Do I have to use a crane?



A "turnkey" finish home immediately after delivery, before "button-up" work.



Thank you!

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Funding and Financing

1:15-2:45

